

# ON CONVERGENCE OF DIFFERENCE SCHEMES FOR A SINGULARLY PERTURBED INITIAL-BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEM WITH A NEUMANN CONDITION FOR A PARABOLIC EQUATION <sup>1</sup>

LIDIA SHISHKINA

*Institute of Mathematics and Mechanics, Ural Branch of Russian Academy of Sciences*

S. Kovalevskaya Str., 16, 620990, Yekaterinburg, Russia

E-mail: [Lida@convex.ru](mailto:Lida@convex.ru)

For a singularly perturbed one-dimensional singularly perturbed parabolic equation with a perturbation parameter  $\varepsilon$  multiplying the highest-order derivative in the equation,  $\varepsilon \in (0, 1]$ , an initial-boundary value problem on a segment is considered with a Neumann condition on the boundary. In this problem, when  $\varepsilon$  tends to zero, boundary layers appear in a neighborhood of the lateral boundary. Standard finite difference schemes used to solve numerically this problem, do not converge  $\varepsilon$ -uniformly. The error in the grid solution grows unboundedly when the parameter  $\varepsilon \rightarrow 0$ .

In the talk, we study convergence of solutions for finite difference schemes on a standard and a special grids constructed with using monotone grid approximations [1,2] of the differential problem. Results of numerical experiments which confirm the theoretical results are discussed. It is shown that the solution of the special difference scheme on a piecewise-uniform grid converges in the maximum norm  $\varepsilon$ -uniformly.

## REFERENCES

- [1] A. Samarskii. *Theory of Difference Schemes*. Marcel Dekker, New York, 2001.
- [2] G. Shishkin and L. Shishkina. *Difference Methods for Singular Perturbation Problems*. Chapman and Hall/CRC Monographs and Surveys in Pure and Applied Mathematics **140**, CRC Press, Boca Raton, 2009.

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